

Helping build great communities



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING STAFF REPORT

SUBDIVISION REVIEW BOARD

3-1

MEETING DATE
May 2, 2005

CONTACT/PHONE Elizabeth Kavanaugh 805/788-2010 APPLICANT
Jerry Spencer

FILE NO. CO 02-0330 SUB 2003-00102

SUBJECT

A Proposal by Jerry Spencer for a tentative parcel map to allow a 10-acre parcel to be subdivided into two parcels of five acres each. The project is located on the southwest corner of Toby Way and San Juan Road, approximately 1300 feet east of the community of Shandon, in the Shandon-Carrizo planning area.

RECOMMENDED ACTION

- 1. Adopt the Negative Declaration in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.
- 2. Approve Tentative Parcel Map CO 02-0330 based on the findings listed in Exhibit A and the conditions listed in Exhibit B.

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources code Section 21000 et. Seq., and CA code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on March 31, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address Agricultural Resources, Biological Resources, Noise, Public Services, and Recreation.

LAND USE CATEGORY
Residential Rural

COMBINING DESIGNATION None

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER 017-163-032

SUPERVISOR DISTRICT(S)

PLANNING ARE A STANDARDS:

None

LAND USE ORDINANCE STANDARDS:

None

EXISTING USES:

A primary and secondary dwelling.

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Residential Rural / scattered residences

South: Residential Rural / scattered residences

East: Agriculture / vacant

West: Residential Rural / scattered residences

OTHER AGENCY / ADVISORY GROUP INVOLVEMENT:

The project was referred to: Shandon Community Advisory Group, Public Works, Environmental Health, Ag Commissioner, County Parks, CDF, APCD, Department of Fish and Game, and Regional Water Quality Control Board.

TOPOGRAPHY:

Level to gently sloping

VEGETATION:

Non-native grasses, ornamental landscaping and

trees

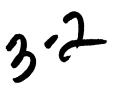
PROPOSED SERVICES:

Water supply: On-site well

Sewage Disposal: Individual septic system

Fire Protection: CDF

ACCEPTANCE DATE: April 20, 2004



ORDINANCE COMPLIANCE:

Minimum Parcel Size

Section 22.22.060 of the Land Use Ordinance establishes standards for determining minimum parcel sizes in the Residential Rural land use category. The standards are based on the distance from an urban areas, fire response time, type of access serving the property and the topography of the site. Minimum parcel size is based on the largest parcel size as calculated by tests. The proposed parcels meet all requirements for five-acre parcels as follows:

TEST	STANDARD	MINIMUM PARCEL SIZE
Remoteness	0 to five miles from the Shandon urban reserve line	5 acres
Fire Hazard/ Response Time	In the moderate fire hazard area Within the 15 minute response time	5 acres
Access	Located on a 40 foot right-of-way	5 acres
Slope	Average slope is between 0 and 15 %	5 acres

Quimby Fees

Title 21, the Real Property Division Ordinance, establishes an in-lieu fee for all new land divisions for the purpose of developing new, or rehabilitating existing, park or recreational facilities to serve the land division. Payment of the parkland fee for all undeveloped parcels is required prior to map recordation.

Affordable Housing Fees

County Ordinance 2529 establishes a fee of 3.5% of the public facility fee for all new land divisions. This allows recognized affordable housing projects to be exempted from public facility fees.

Design Standards

The proposed parcels are consistent with the design criteria set forth in Chapter 3 of the Title 21 of the Real Property Division Ordinance.

COMMUNITY ADVISORY GROUP COMMENTS: No comments

AGENCY REVIEW:

Public Works - Five-foot offer of dedication along San Juan Road

Environmental Health - Prior to final submit a well drillers log, a pump test, and a complete chemical analysis to verify evidence of adequate potable water.

Ag Commissioner- require a 300 foot buffer on parcel one eastern property line, include right to farm disclosure.

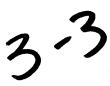
County Parks – Pay Quimby fee and building fees

CDF - Fire safety letter dated April 5, 2004

APCD – Include information on Asbestos in future demolitions and prohibition on developmental burning.

Department of Fish and Game – 3 to 1 replacement ratio for removal of San Joaquin kit fox habitat.

Subdivision Review Board CO 02-0330 / Spencer Page 3



LEGAL LOT STATUS:

The one lot was legally created by map at a time when that was a legal method of creating lots.

FINDINGS - EXHIBIT A

Environmental Determination

A. The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources code Section 21000 et. Seq., and CA code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on March 31, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address Agricultural Resources, Biological Resources, Noise, Public Services, and Recreation.

Tentative Map

- B. The proposed map is consistent with applicable county general and specific plans because it complies with applicable area plan standards and is being subdivided in a consistent manner with the Residential Rural land use category.
- C. The proposed map is consistent with the county zoning and subdivision ordinances because the parcels meet the minimum parcel size set by the Land Use Ordinance and the design standards of the Real Property Division Ordinance.
- D. The design and improvement of the proposed subdivision are consistent with the applicable county general and specific plans because no improvements are required.
- E. The site is physically suitable for the type of development proposed because the proposed parcels contain adequate area for development of a primary and secondary residence.
- F. The site is physically suitable for the proposed density of the development proposed because the site can adequately support a primary and secondary.
- G. The design of the subdivision or the proposed improvements will not cause substantial environmental damage or substantially and avoidably injure fish or wildlife or their habitat because the applicant has agreed to mitigate impacts to the San Joaquin kit fox.
- H. The design of the subdivision or the type of improvement will not conflict with easements acquired by the public at large for access through or use of property within the proposed subdivision.
- I. The proposed map complies with Section 66474.6 of the State Subdivision Map Act, as to methods of handling and discharge of waste.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR CO 02-0330

Approved Project

1. A 10-acre parcel to be subdivided into two parcels of five acres each.

Access and Improvements

- 2. The applicant offer for dedication to the public by certificate on the map or by separate document:
 - a. For road widening purposes five feet along San Juan Road, to be described as 25 feet from the recorded centerline.
 - b. A 20 foot radius property line return at the intersection of Toby Way and San Juan Road.

Improvement Plans

The applicant shall enter into an agreement with the county for the cost of checking the map, the improvement plans if any, and the cost of inspection of any such improvements by the county or its designated representative. The applicant shall also provide the county with an Engineer of Work Agreement retaining a Registered Civil Engineer to furnish construction phase services, Record Drawings and to certify the final product to the Department of Public Works.

Water

4. **Prior to filing of final map,** evidence of adequate potable water for each parcel shall be submitted to Environmental Health Services, including a copy of the well drillers log, a pump test, and a complete chemical analysis for each parcel.

Utilities

- Electric and telephone lines shall be installed underground or overhead.
- Gas lines shall be installed.

Design

The lots shall be numbered in sequence.

Fire Protection

8. The applicant shall obtain a fire safety clearance letter from the California Department of Forestry (CDF)/County Fire Department establishing fire safety requirements prior to filing the final parcel or tract map.

Parks and Recreation (Quimby) Fees

9. Unless exempted by Chapter 21.09 of the county Real Property Division Ordinance or California Government Code section 66477, prior to filing of the final parcel or tract map, the applicant shall pay the in-lieu" fee that will be used for community park and recreational purposes as required by Chapter 21.09. The fee shall be based on the total number of new parcels or remainder parcels shown on the map that do not already have legal residential units on them.

Affordable Housing Fee

10. Prior to filing the final parcel or tract map, the applicant shall pay an affordable housing fee of 3.5 percent of the adopted public facility fee effective at the time of recording for each residential lot. This fee shall not be applicable to any official recognized affordable housing included within the residential project.

Additional Map Sheet

- 11. The applicant shall prepare an additional map sheet to be approved by the county Department of Planning and Building and the Department of Public Works. The additional map sheet shall be recorded with the final parcel or tract map. The additional map sheet shall include the following:
 - a. Notification to prospective buyers of the county's Right to Farm Ordinance currently in effect at any time said deed(s) are recorded.
 - b. Notification of the consequences of existing and potential intensive agricultural operations on adjacent parcels including but not limited to noise, dust, odor and agricultural chemicals.
 - c. An agricultural buffer prohibiting residential structures, consisting of 260 feet over the eastern boundary of proposed parcel one, shall be shown on the additional map sheet. This buffer shall become null and void on individual parcels within this subdivision, if the adjacent Agriculture land use category is changed or if any existing commercial agricultural business on adjacent parcels effecting this subdivision crease operation for a minimum of one year. At the time of application for construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate the agricultural buffer on the project plans.
 - d. If improvements are bonded for, all public improvements (roads, drainage, and utilities) shall be completed prior to occupancy of any new structure.
 - e. A notice that no construction permits will be given a final inspection until the fire safety conditions established in the letter dated April 5, 2004 from the California Department of Forestry (CDF)/County Fire Department are completed. **Prior to occupancy or final inspection**, which ever occurs first, the applicant shall obtain final inspection approval of all required fire/life safety measures.
 - f. In the event archaeological resources are unearthed or discovered during any construction activities, the following standards apply:
 - A. Construction activities shall cease, and the Environmental Coordinator and Planning Department shall be notified so that the extent and location of discovered materials may be recorded by a qualified archaeologist, and disposition of artifacts may be accomplished in accordance with state and federal law.
 - B. In the event archaeological resources are found to include human remains, or in any other case where human remains are discovered during construction, the County Coroner is to be notified in addition to the Planning Department and Environmental Coordinator so that proper disposition may be accomplished.
 - g. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building, Environmental and Resource Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following four San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:
 - a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement of a number of acres to be determined by future construction permits of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-

site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects if this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

- b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.
 - Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC) pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-Based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", will be based on a \$2500.00 per disturbed acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification about your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- c. Purchase credits based on the amount of in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.
 - At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of an a amount to determined once grading and/or building permits are applied for of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities. h. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall provide evidence that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:
- h. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall provide evidence that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:
- a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity (i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the

survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.

- b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbanceactivities (i.e. grading, disking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site-disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.
- c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin Kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time a den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below) for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service/Department determines it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, **before project activities commence**, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department. The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

- d. In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:
 - 1. Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feet

b) Known or active kit fox den: 100 feet

c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

- 2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.
- If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.

- i. **During the site disturbance and/or construction phase**, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.
- j. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.
- k. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.
- I. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.
- m. **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.
- n. **Prior to, during and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, State and Federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.
- o. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to Department for care, analysis, or disposition.

- p. **Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first,** should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:
 - a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
 - b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

Miscellaneous

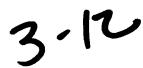
- 12. This subdivision is also subject to the standard conditions of approval for all subdivisions using individual wells and septic tanks, a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein as though set forth in full.
- 13. A stormwater pollution plan may be necessary from the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Provide evidence that it has been obtained or is unnecessary prior to filing the map.
- 14. Applicant shall file with the Department of Public Works an application requesting apportionment of any unpaid assessments under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915, in compliance with Section 8740.1 of the Streets and Highways Code of the State of California. Said apportionment must be completed prior to filing the map.
- 15. All timeframes on approved tentative maps for filing of final parcel or tract maps are measured from the date the Review Authority approves the tentative map, not from any date of possible reconsideration action.

Staff report prepared by Elizabeth Kavanaugh and reviewed by Kami Griffin, Supervising Planner



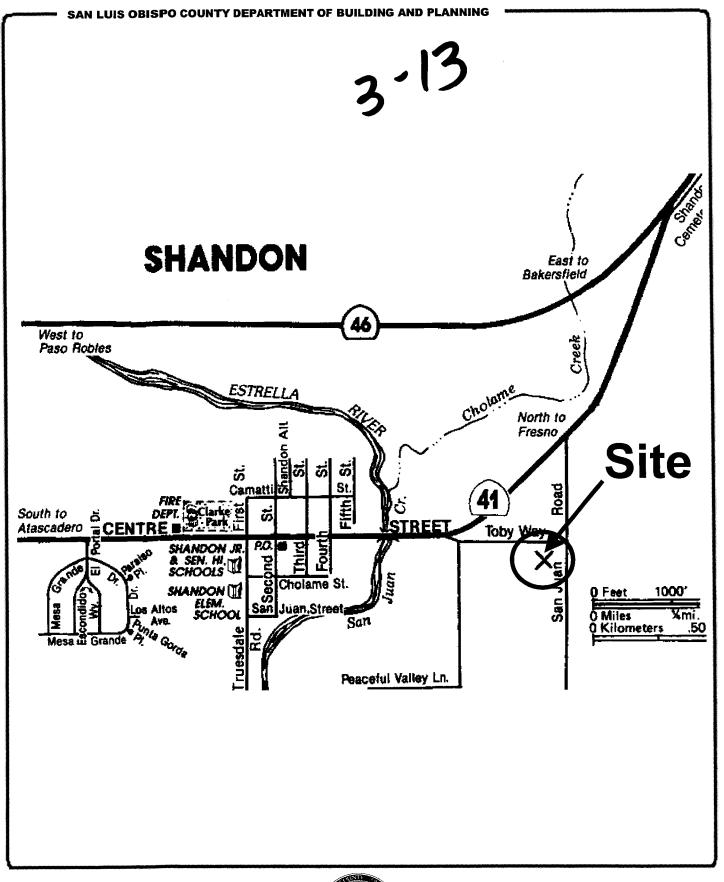
STANDARD CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR SUBDIVISIONS USING INDIVIDUAL WELLS AND SEPTIC TANKS

- 1. Each parcel shall have its own private well(s) for a domestic water supply approved by the county Health Department, except as set forth in 2C.
- 2. Operable water facilities shall exist prior to the filing of the final parcel map. Evidence of adequate and potable water, shall be submitted to the county Health Department, including the following:
 - A. (Potability) A complete on-site chemical analysis shall be submitted for evaluation for each of the parcels created or as required.
 - B. (Adequacy) On individual parcel wells or test holes, a minimum four (4) hour pump test performed by a <u>licensed</u> and <u>bonded</u> well driller or pump testing business shall be submitted for review and approval for each of the new parcels created.
 - C. If the applicant desires purveying water to two (2) or more parcels or an average of 25 or more residents or non-residents (employees, campers, etc.) on a daily basis at least sixty (60) days out of the year, application shall be made to the county Health Department for a domestic water supply permit prior to the filing of the final map. A bond may be used for operable water facilities (except well(s)). Necessary legal agreements, restrictions and registered civil engineer designed plans, in conformance with state and county laws and standards shall be submitted by the applicant and reviewed and approved by County Public Works and the county Health Department, prior to the filing of the final map.
- On-site systems that are in conformance with the county-approved Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board basin plan will be an acceptable method of sewage disposal until community sewers may become available.
- 4. No sewage disposal system installations are to be placed closer than 100 feet from the top of any perennial or continuous creek banks, drainage swales or areas subject to inundation.
- 5. Sewage disposal systems shall be separated from any individual domestic well and/or agricultural well, as follows: 1) leaching areas, feed lots, etc., one hundred (100) feet and bored seepage pits (dry wells), one hundred and fifty (150) feet. Domestic wells intended to serve multiple parcels or 25 or more individuals at least 60 days out of the year shall be separated by a minimum of two hundred (200) feet from a leachfield, two hundred and fifty (250) feet from seepage pits or dry wells.
- 6. Sewage disposal systems installed on slopes in excess of 20% shall be designed and certified by a registered civil engineer or geologist and submitted to the county Planning Department for review and approval <u>prior to the issuance of</u> a building permit. Consultants shall determine geologically stable building sites and sewage disposal for each parcel, including evaluations of hillside stability under the most adverse conditions



including rock saturation and seismic forces. Slopes in excess of 30% are not considered suitable or practical for subsurface sewage disposal.

- 7. An encroachment permit shall be obtained from county Public Works for any work to be done within the county right-of-way.
- 8. An encroachment permit shall be obtained from the California Department of Transportation for any work to be done on the state highway.
- 9. Any existing reservoir or drainage swale on the property shall be delineated on the map.
- 10. Prior to submission of the map "checkprints" to county Public Works, the project shall be reviewed by all applicable public utility companies and a letter be obtained indicating required easements.
- 11. Required public utility easements shall be shown on the map.
- 12. Approved street names shall be shown on the map.
- 13. The applicant shall comply with state, county and district laws/ordinances applicable to fire protection and consider increased fire risk to area by the subdivision of land proposed.
- 14. The developer shall submit a preliminary subdivision guarantee to county Public Works for review prior to the filing of the map.
- 15. Any private easements on the property shall be shown on the map with recording data.
- 16. All conditions of approval herein specified, unless otherwise noted, shall be complied with prior to the filing of the map.
- 17. After approval by the Review Authority, compliance with the preceding conditions will bring the proposed subdivision in conformance with the Subdivision Map Act and county ordinances.
- 18. A map shall be filed in accordance with Subdivision Map Act and county ordinance prior to sale, lease, or financing of the lots proposed by the subdivision.
- 19. A tentative map will expire 24 months from the effective date of the approval. Tentative maps may be extended. Written requests with appropriate fees must be submitted to the Planning Department prior to the expiration date. The expiration of tentative maps will terminate all proceedings on the matter.



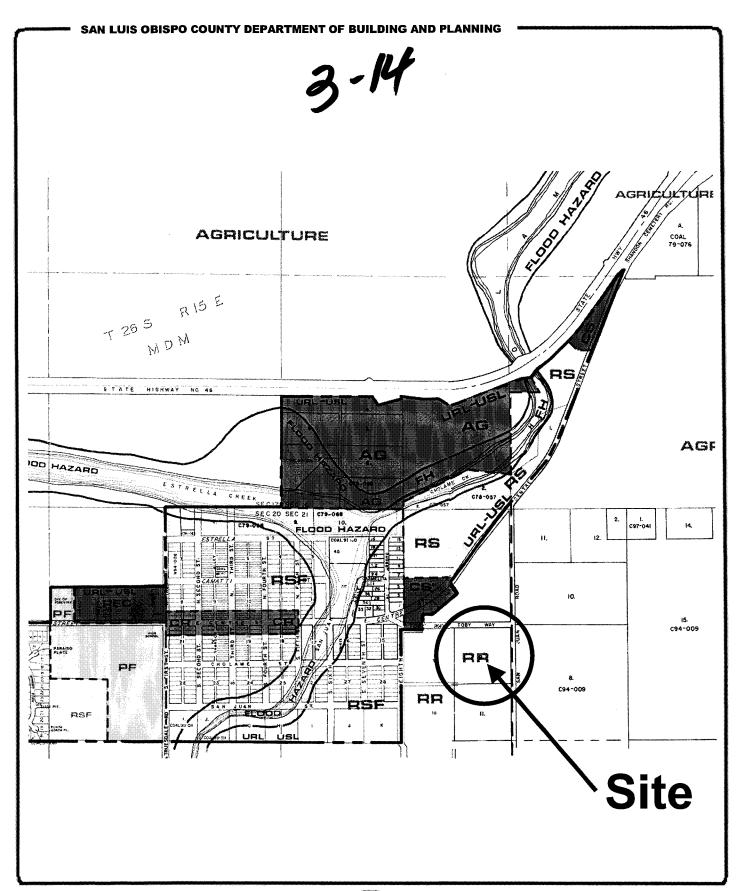
PROJECT

Parcel Map Spencer (SUB2003-00102 CO 02-0330)



EXHIBIT

Vicinity Map



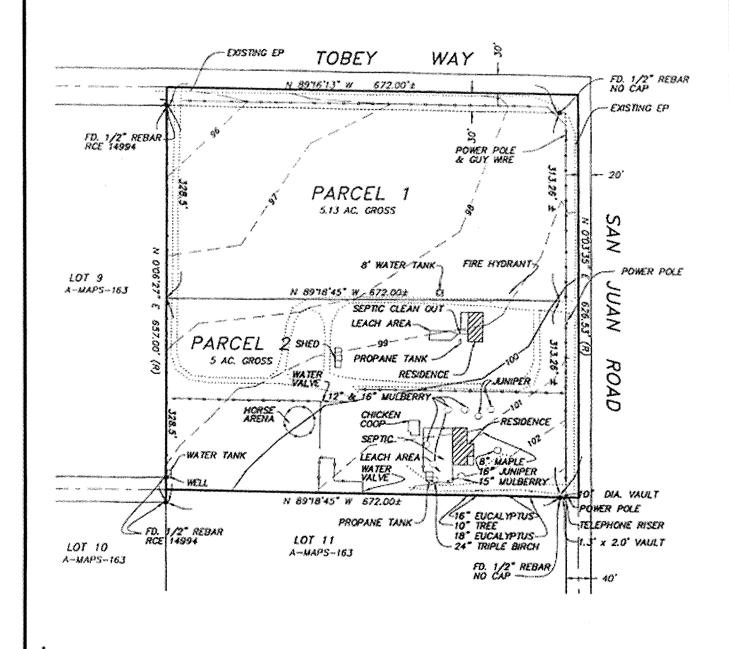
* PROJECT *

Parcel Map Spencer (SUB2003-00102 CO 02-0330



EXHIBIT

Land Use Category Map-RR



PROJECT

Parcel Map Spencer (SUB2003-00102 CO 02-0330



EXHIBIT

Site Map



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY (EK)

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION & NOTICE OF DETERMINATION

ENVIRONMENTAL	DETERMINATION	NO. ED04-060

3-16

DATE: March 31, 2005

PROJECT/ENTITLEMENT: Spencer Parcel Map; SUB2003-00102

APPLICANT NAME:

Jerry Spencer, Sr.

ADDRESS:

1220 Niblick, Paso Robles, CA, 93446

CONTACT PERSON:

Same

Telephone: 805-674-1408

PROPOSED USES/INTENT: A request by Jerry Spencer to subdivide an approximate 10 acre parcel into two parcels of 5 acres each for the purpose of sale and/or development. The proposed project is within the Residential Rural land use category

LOCATION: The subject property is located on the southwest corner of Toby Way and San Juan in the community of Shandon, in the Shandon-Carrizo, Rural planning area

LEAD AGENCY: County of San Luis Obispo Department of Planning & Building County Government Center, Rm. 310

San Luis Obispo, CA 93408-2040

OTHER POTENTIAL PERMITTING AGENCIES: None

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Additional information pertaining to this environmental determination may be obtained by contacting the above Lead Agency address or (805) 781-5600.

COUNTY "REQUEST FOR REVIEW" PERIOD ENDS AT 5 p.m. on April 14, 2005 (Circle one) 20-DAY PUBLIC REVIEW PERIOD begins at the time of public notification

•			
Notice of	<u>Determination</u>	State Clearing	house No.
This is to advi	ise that the San Luis Obispo County		as 🛮 Lead Agency
□Responsible	Agency approved/denied the above descr	ibed project on	, and has made the
following dete	erminations regarding the above described p	project:	
prepai condit	roject will not have a significant effect on the red for this project pursuant to the provision ion of the approval of the project. A Statem is project. Findings were made pursuant to t	s of CEQA. Mitigation in ment of Overriding Consi	measures were made a derations was not adopted
	ify that the Negative Declaration with comm the General Public at:	nents and responses an	d record of project approval
	Department of Planning and Buildin County Government Center, Room 310		
	The second secon		County of San Luis Obispo
Cianoturo	Titlo	Date	Public Agency



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY SUMMARY - ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Project Title & No: Spencer Parcel Map; ED04-060; SUB2003-00102

	Pro	oject Title & No: Spenc	er Faicei Map, L	D04-000, 30B20	03-00 TOZ		
"Pote	ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The proposed project could have a "Potentially Significant Impact" for at least one of the environmental factors checked below. Please refer to the attached pages for discussion on mitigation measures or project revisions to either reduce these impacts to less than significant levels or require further study.						
■ A □ A ■ B □ C	esthetics gricultural Resources ir Quality iological Resources ultural Resources	■ Noise □ Population/Ho ■ Public Service	ardous Materials ousing	Recreation Transporta Wastewate Water Land Use	ation/Circulation		
	landatory Findings of	Significance					
	•	completed by the Lead A		inds that:			
	The proposed project DECLARATION will I	t COULD NOT have a si be prepared.	gnificant effect on	the environment,			
	a significant effect in	ed project could have a state this case because revising AMITIGATED NEGA	ons in the project	have been made	by or agreed to by		
	The proposed project IMPACT REPORT is	t MAY have a significant required.	effect on the envir	onment, and an E	NVIRONMENTAL		
	mitigated" impact on an earlier documen mitigation measures	et MAY have a "potential the environment, but at t pursuant to applicables s based on the earlie MPACT REPORT is rec	least one effect of e legal standards r analysis as de	1) has been adeq s, and 2) has be escribed on atta	uately analyzed in een addressed by ached sheets. An		
	potentially significant DECLARATION purs to that earlier EIR or	sed project could have t effects (a) have been suant to applicable stand NEGATIVE DECLARA te proposed project, not	analyzed adequat ards, and (b) have TION, including re	tely in an earlier le been avoided or evisions or mitigat	EIR or NEGATIVE mitigated pursuant		
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Project Environmental Analysis

The County's environmental review process incorporates all of the requirements for completing the Initial Study as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines. The Initial Study includes staff's on-site inspection of the project site and surroundings and a detailed review of the information in the file for the project. In addition, available background information is reviewed for each project. Relevant information regarding soil types and characteristics, geologic information, significant vegetation and/or wildlife resources, water availability, wastewater disposal services, existing land uses and surrounding land use categories and other information relevant to the environmental review process are evaluated for each project. Exhibit A includes the references used, as well as the agencies or groups that were contacted as a part of the Initial Study. The Environmental Division uses the checklist to summarize the results of the research accomplished during the initial environmental review of the project.

Persons, agencies or organizations interested in obtaining more information regarding the environmental review process for a project should contact the County of San Luis Obispo Environmental Division, Rm. 310, County Government Center, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93408-2040 or call (805) 781-5600.

A. PROJECT

DESCRIPTION: - Proposal by Jerry Spencer for a subdivision to allow a 10 acre parcel to be subdivided into two parcels of five acres each. The project is located on the south west corner of Toby Way and San Juan in the community of Shandon, in the Shandon-Carrizo planning area.

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER: 017-163-032 SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT #: 1

B. EXISTING SETTING

PLANNING AREA: Shandon-Carrizo, Rural

LAND USE CATEGORY: Residential Rural

COMBINING DESIGNATION(S): None

EXISTING USES: One single family residence and one manufactured secondary dwelling.

TOPOGRAPHY: Level to slightly sloping

VEGETATION: Non-native grasses, ornamental landscaping and trees

PARCEL SIZE: 10 acres

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

South: Residential Rural / scattered residences West: Residential Rural/ scattered residences

C. ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

During the Initial Study process, several issues were identified as having potentially significant environmental effects (see following Initial Study). Those potentially significant items associated with the proposed uses can be minimized to less than significant levels.

3-19 COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1.	AESTHETICS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Create an aesthetically incompatible site open to public view?				
b)	Introduce a use within a scenic view open to public view?	ū			
c)	Change the visual character of an area?	ū			ū
d)	Create glare or night lighting which may affect surrounding areas?				
e)	Impact unique geological or physical features?				
f)	Other				

<u>Setting/Impacts.</u> The subject property and surrounding area can be characterized as level topography and having a residential atmosphere. The project site is located just outside the community of Shandon's Urban Reserve Line. The surrounding parcels range from 6000 sq. ft. to 270 acres, with most parcel in the immediate area between 6,000 sq. feet and 10 acres. The site is visible from San Juan Road and Toby Way, both county maintained roads, however, the visual character of the project will be consistent with the existing development. No significant visual impacts are expected to occur and no mitigation measures are necessary.

2.	AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Convert prime agricultural land to non-agricultural use?	ū			
b)	Impair agricultural use of other property or result in conversion to other uses?				
c)	Conflict with existing zoning or Williamson Act program?				
d)	Other				

Setting. The soil types include: San Emigdio Fine Sandy Loam (0-2%), Still Clay Loam (0-2%), and Mocho Clay Loam (0-2%). As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, this soil is considered Class IV for "non-irrigated" soil, and Class I for "irrigated" soil. There is a 260 acre agriculture parcel adjacent to the site that is currently under Williamson Act Contract.

Impact. This subdivision will allow the development of one additional primary residence and an additional secondary dwelling. While the site contains prime soils, the conversion of the site to non-agriculture use is not considered significant due to the designation of the site as Residential Rural

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However the Residential Rural zoning of this site will allow development of a primary residence and a secondary dwelling adjacent to agriculture land in Williamson Act Contract. The development of residences could be incompatible with existing or future agriculture activities because of associated dust and pesticide use.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The county Department of Agriculture in a referral dated April 19, 2004 recommend a 300 foot agriculture buffer from the Agriculture parcel to the east. The two parcels are separated by San Juan Road which is approximately 60 feet wide. This leaves a 240 foot agriculture buffer along the east side of proposed parcel one. This buffer shall limit habitable structures only that would be in conflict with active agricultural operations. In addition, the county Department of Agriculture recommend disclosure to purchasers of both parcels the nature of the neighboring agriculture activities, hours of operation, and the county's Right- to-Farm Ordinance.

3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any state or federal ambient air quality standard, or exceed air quality emission thresholds as established by County Air Pollution Control District?	٠		•	
b)	Expose any sensitive receptor to substantial air pollutant concentrations?			=	
c)	Create or subject individuals to objectionable odors?				
d)	Be inconsistent with the District's Clean Air Plan?				
e)	Other				

Setting / Impacts. As proposed, the project will result in zero site disturbance. However, this subdivision will result in both short-term vehicle emissions (which helps create ozone) and the creation of dust during future construction. In addition, the project will generate approximately 10 vehicle trips daily. Based on Table 1-1 of the CEQA Air Quality Handbook, the project will result in less than 10 lbs./day of pollutants, which is below the threshold warranting any mitigation. Therefore, no mitigation measures are necessary and the potential impacts are considered less than significant. However if future demolition of either residence on site is required, The Air Pollution Control District requires the required: 1) notification requirements to the Air Pollution Control District, 2) an asbestos survey conducted by a Certified Asbestos Inspector, and 3) applicable removal and disposal requirements of identified asbestos containing material. In addition, developmental burning allowable only upon approval of the Air Pollution Control District.

The Clean Air Plan includes land use management strategies to guide decisionmakers on land use approaches that result in improved air quality. (As identified by APCD) This development is somewhat inconsistent with the "Planning Compact Communities" strategy, where increasing development densities within urban areas is preferable over increasing densities in rural areas. Increasing densities in rural areas results in longer single-occupant vehicle trips and increases emissions. In this instance, this partial inconsistency is not considered significant for the following reasons: 1) the proposed density of this subdivision is still consistent with what was assumed in the last update of the Clean Air Plan), which, based in part on this density, approved the necessary control measures to achieve acceptable air quality attainment in the future; and 2) standard forecast modeling (e.g., latest ARB URBEMIS) identifies that vehicles in the near future will produce substantially lower emissions (e.g., use of electric, hybrid and advanced technology vehicles). Based on the above discussion, (given the

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smaller number of potential new residences,) both individual and cumulative impacts are expected to be less than significant as it relates to the Clean Air Plan land use strategies.

4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in a loss of unique or special status species or their habitats?				
b)	Reduce the extent, diversity or quality of native or other important vegetation?				
c)	Impact wetland or riparian habitat?				
d)	Introduce barriers to movement of resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or factors which could hinder the normal activities of wildlife?		•	۵	
e)	Other				

Setting. The project site was visited on **April 15, 2004**. The topography of the site is nearly level to gently sloping. The vegetation on the site consists of Non-native grasses, two eucalyptus trees, a birch tree, a maple tree, a mulberry tree and a juniper tree. The Natural Diversity Database identified this area as important habitat for the San Joaquin Kit Fox, a federally listed endangered species and a state listed threatened species.

Impact. A "San Joaquin Kit Fox Habitat Evaluation Form" was prepared by Baxter Biological Consulting on September 24, 2002. The evaluation form was reviewed by Bob Stafford of the California Department of Fish and Game. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Stafford's changes, resulted in a score of [71], which requires that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of three (3) acres conserved for each acre impacted 3:1. While no immediate loss of habitat area would occur as a result of this subdivision, it will allow additional development to occur on the resulting parcels.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Mr. Stafford recommended that specific measures be implemented to effectively mitigate impacts to San Joaquin kit fox (personal communication April 29, 2003. The applicant will be required to mitigate the loss of kit fox habitat, to be determined at the time of application of future construction permit multiplied by a 3:1 ratio by one of the following ways: Deposit of funds to an approved in-lieu fee program; provide for the protection of kit foxes in perpetuity through acquisition of fee or conservation easement of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area; or purchase credits in an approved conservation bank. At this time, there is no approved Conservation Bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. If none of the other three alternatives are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department of Fish and Game, including depositing funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would assure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management. To prevent inadvertent harm to kit fox, the applicant has agreed to retain a biologist for a pre-construction survey, a pre-construction briefing for contractors, and monitoring activities in addition to implementing cautionary construction measures. These mitigation measures are listed in detail in Exhibit B Mitigation Summary Table.

The implementation of the above measures will mitigate biological impacts to a level of insignificance.

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5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Disturb pre-historic resources?				
b)	Disturb historic resources?				
c)	Disturb paleontological resources?				
d)	Other				

Setting / Impact: The project is located in an area historically occupied by the Obispeno Chumash and Southern Salinan Native Americans. The project is not located in an area that would be considered culturally sensitive due to lack of physical features typically associated with prehistoric occupation. No evidence of cultural materials were noted on-site and no impacts are anticipated, therefore no mitigation measures are required.

No historical structures are present and no paleontological resources are known to exist in the area. Impacts to historic or paleontological resources is not expected

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in exposure to or production of unstable earth conditions, such as landslides, earthquakes, liquefaction, ground failure, land subsidence or other similar hazards?				
b)	Be within a CA Dept. of Mines & Geology Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist Priolo)?				
c)	Result in soil erosion, topographic changes, loss of topsoil or unstable soil conditions from project-related improvements, such as vegetation removal, grading, excavation, or fill?				
d)	Change rates of soil absorption, or amount or direction of surface runoff?				
e)	Include structures located on expansive soils?				
f)	Change the drainage patterns where substantial on- or off-site sedimentation/ erosion or flooding may occur?				

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6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
g)	Involve activities within the 100-year flood zone?				
h)	Be inconsistent with the goals and policies of the County's Safety Element relating to Geologic and Seismic Hazards?			•	
i)	Preclude the future extraction of valuable mineral resources?				
j)	Other				
consideration moderation within a already Draina As desarbove	g. <u>Geology.</u> The topography of the project site is ered moderate. The liquefaction potential during ate. No active faulting is known to exist on or near known area containing serpentine rock. There is be required by ordinance or code are needed. ge. The area proposed for development is outside acribed in the NRCS Soil Survey, these soils are now what will already be required by ordinance or code	a ground-s ar the subje s no evider e of the 100 noderately	haking ever ect property nce that me o-year Flood drained. No	nt is consider The project asures above d Hazard des o specific me	red ct is not e what will signation.
	t. <u>entation and Erosion.</u> Due to the small amount or is level erosion at this site will not create any imp				
geolog	tion. No specific measures above what will alread y, drainage or sedimentation/erosion are conside gnificant.				
7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in a risk of explosion or release of hazardous substances (e.g. oil, pesticides, chemicals, radiation) or exposure of people to hazardous substances?			•	
b)	Interfere with an emergency response or evacuation plan?			•	
c)	Expose people to safety risk associated with airport flight pattern?				

	3.	4	•		
7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
d)	Increase fire hazard risk or expose people or structures to high fire hazard conditions?				•
<i>e)</i>	Create any other health hazard or potential hazard?				
f)	Other				
and de Depai requir	ng / Impact. The project is not located in an area oes not propose use of hazardous materials. The rtment of Forestry and approval of a Fire Safety P red. If the Fire Safety Plan is incorporated into fut ed to an insignificant level.	e project will Plan prior to	be reviewe issuance of	ed by the Cal f building per	ifornia mits will be

8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Expose people to noise levels which exceed the County Noise Element thresholds?			•	
b)	Generate increases in the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas?				
c)	Expose people to severe noise or vibration?				
d)	Other				

Setting. The project is located is a residential subdivision in a residential neighborhood adjacent to a 270 acre agriculture site that has historically uses for row crops.

Impact. The noise generated from this project are within the standards of the county Noise Element and will not cause a significant impact to the noise level of the area. However, the site is across San Juan Road from 270 acre agriculture site that is now vacant. Noise generated from intensification of this agriculture site could create a level of noise above the allowable levels in the county Noise Element.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The County Department of Agriculture in a referral dated April 19, 2004 recommended a 300 foot agriculture buffer from the agriculture parcel across San Juan Way. San Juan way is approximately 60 feet wide. This leaves a 240 foot agriculture buffer along the east side of proposed parcel one. This buffer shall limit habitable structures that could be exposed to an unacceptable level of noise.

The implementation of the above measures will mitigate noise impacts to a level of insignificance.

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9.	POPULATION/HOUSING - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Induce substantial growth in an area either directly or indirectly (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace existing housing or people, requiring construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)	Create the need for substantial new housing in the area?				
d)	Use substantial amount of fuel or energy?				
e)	Other				
project	g/Impact. The project is residential in nature an will not result in a need for a significant amount g. Therefore, no significant population and hous	of new hous	sing, and wi	II not displac	
10.	PUBLIC SERVICES/UTILITIES - Will the project have an effect upon, or result in the need for new or altered public services in any of the following areas:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Fire protection?				
b)	Police protection (e.g., Sheriff, CHP)?				
c)	Schools?	П		П	

Setting. The closest CDF fire station is the Shandon station, which is between 1 and 5 minutes from the proposed project. The closest Sheriff substation is in Templeton, which is about 18 miles from the proposed project. The project is within the Shandon Unified School District.

Impact/Mitigation. Fire and Police: Impact fees are charged new development, to help pay the cost of providing new facilities to serve the expanding rural areas. The current fire and police stations are

Roads?

Other

Solid Wastes?

Other public facilities?

d)

f)

g)

3-26
jal uses in this area.

adequate to accommodate additional residential uses in this area.

Schools: At buildout, the County's population will overburden the existing school system unless additional classroom space is added. The Shandon Unified School District charges impact fees to fund additional schools as needed. State law restricts mitigation of school impacts to the levying of these fees and other measures adopted by the school district. Provision of adequate facilities for the population is the responsibility of the school district. Fees will be required through construction permits for each of the new residential structure.

11.	RECREATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase the use or demand for parks or other recreation opportunities?				
b)	Affect the access to trails, parks or other recreation opportunities?				
c)	Other				

Setting / Impact. The County Trails Plan does not show a future trail being considered on the subject property. The project is not proposed in a location that will affect any trail, park or other recreational resource, and will not create a significant need for additional park or recreational resources.

12.	TRANSPORTATION/ CIRCULATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase vehicle trips to local or areawide circulation system?				
b)	Reduce existing "Levels of Service" on public roadway(s)?				
c)	Create unsafe conditions on public roadways (e.g., limited access, design features, sight distance, slow vehicles)?			•	
d)	Provide for adequate emergency access?				
e)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				
f)	Result in inadequate internal traffic circulation?				
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., pedestrian access, bus turnouts, bicycle racks, etc.)?				

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12.	TRANSPORTATION/ CIRCULATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
h)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns that may result in substantial safety risks?				
i)	Other				

<u>Setting.</u> Future development will access onto Toby Way or San Juan road, both are two-lane local road that were paved several years ago with funding established through an assessment district and are operating at acceptable levels of service.

Impact. Future development of one additional residential dwelling unit and a secondary dwelling is estimated to generate a total of 20 daily vehicle trips. This small amount of additional traffic will not result in a significant change to the existing road service levels or traffic safety.

Mitigation. Since no significant impacts were identified, no specific traffic-related mitigation measures are necessary.

13.	WASTEWATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate waste discharge requirements or Central Coast Basin Plan criteria for wastewater systems?			•	
b)	Change the quality of surface or ground water (e.g., nitrogen-loading, daylighting)?				
c)	Adversely affect community wastewater service provider?				
d)	Other				

Setting. Based on Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Survey map, the soil type where the on-site wastewater system will be placed is Nacimiento-Los Osos complex (9-30% slope).

Based on the NRCS Soil Survey, the main limitation(s) of this soil for wastewater effluent include: Excessive slope and/or depth to rock and/or slow percolation. County Environmental Health has reviewed this proposed subdivision and have no concerns regarding septic systems on this site.

Excessive Slope - The site is gently sloping and does not present any concerns.

Depth to Rock - The proposed parcels are 5 acres each. These proposed parcels are large enough to accommodate a septic system in poor depth to rock strata layering.

Slow Percolation - The proposed parcels are 5 acres each. These proposed parcels are large enough to accommodate a septic system in soil with slow percolation.

Mitigation. The project proposes to use an on-site system to handle wastewater effluent. Sufficient

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area exists to engineer an adequate septic and leachfield system. The County Building and Construction Ordinance requires the applicant to submit percolation rates for the proposed septic system prior to issuance of the building permit. No specific measures above what will already be required by ordinance or code are considered necessary.

14.	WATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any water quality standards?				
b)	Discharge into surface waters or otherwise alter surface water quality (e.g., turbidity, temperature, dissolved oxygen, etc.)?			•	
c)	Change the quality of groundwater (e.g., saltwater intrusion, nitrogenloading, etc.)?				
d)	Change the quantity or movement of available surface or ground water?				
e)	Adversely affect community water service provider?				
f)	Other				

Setting/Impacts/Conclusion - Water Usage. The project proposes to use an on-site well as its water source. Based on the project description, as shown below, a reasonable "worst case" indoor water usage would likely be about (3.54) acre-feet/year (afy):

2 residential lots (w/ primary & secondary (or 0.85 afy + 0.33 afy) X 2 lots = 2.36 afy Source: "City of Santa Barbara Water Demand Factor & Conservation Study 'User Guide" (Aug., 1989)

Environmental Health has reviewed the project and has determined that there is preliminary evidence that there will be sufficient water available to serve the proposed project. Based on available information, the proposed ground water source is not considered in a state of overdraft. Therefore, there are no potentially significant impacts, and no specific measures above standard requirements have been determined necessary.

Setting/Impact/Conclusion - Surface Water Quality. The topography of the site level to slightly sloping. Standard drainage and erosion control measures will be required for the future residences and will provide sufficient measures to adequately protect surface water quality and will reduce potential surface water quality impacts to a less than significant level.

3.2 Consistent Not Potentially 15. LAND USE - Will the project: Inconsistent **Applicable** Be potentially inconsistent with land a) use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects? b) Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan? Be potentially inconsistent with C) adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project? Be potentially incompatible with d) surrounding land uses? e) Other Setting/Impacts - The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with policy and/or regulatory documents relating to the environment and appropriate land use (e.g., County Land Use Ordinance, Shandon Carrizo Area Plan, etc.) and comply with all standards. The proposed project is not within or adjacent to a Habitat Conservation Plan area. The project is surrounded by similar residential development. The proposed project is compatible with these surrounding uses because it is residential in nature. Since no inconsistencies were identified, no additional measures above what will already be required was determined necessary. **Potentially** Impact can Insignificant Not 16. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF **Applicable** Significant & will be **Impact** mitigated **SIGNIFICANCE** - Will the project: Have the potential to degrade the quality of the a) environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of

Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively

considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when

California history or prehistory?

b)

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• •	Have environmental effects which substantial adverse effects on he directly or	either	
ı	indirectly?		

For further information on CEQA or the county's environmental review process, please visit the County's web site at "www.sloplanning.org" under "Environmental Review", or the California Environmental Resources Evaluation System at "http://ceres.ca.gov/topic/env_law/ ceqa/ guidelines/" for information about the California Environmental Quality Act.

G:\Virtual Project Files\Land Divisions\Fiscal 2003-2004\Parcel Maps\SUB 2003-00102 - CO 02-0330 - Spencer\Environmental Determination\Spencer_IS_EK.wpd

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Exhibit A - Initial Study References and Agency Contacts

The County Planning or Environmental Division have contacted various agencies for their comments on the proposed project. With respect to the subject application, the following have been contacted (marked with an "X") and when a response was made, it is either attached or in the application file:

Contacted	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Response</u>
<u>X</u>	County Public Works Department	None
<u>X</u>	County Environmental Health Division	In File *
X	County Agricultural Commissioner's Office	Attached
Approximate the second	County Airport Manager	Not Applicable
	Airport Land Use Commission	Not Applicable
<u>X</u>	Air Pollution Control District	In File
	County Sheriff's Department	Not Applicable
	Regional Water Quality Control Board	Not Applicable
	CA Coastal Commission	Not Applicable
<u>X</u>	CA Department of Fish and Game	In File
	CA Department of Forestry	Not Applicable
	CA Department of Transportation	Not Applicable
	Community Service District	
	Other	

The following checked ("\(\n'\)") reference materials have been used in the environmental review for the proposed project and are hereby incorporated by reference into the Initial Study. The following information is available at the County Planning and Building Department.

✔ Project File for the Subject Application ✓ Agriculture & Open Space Element County documents ✓ Energy Element Airport Land Use Plans ✓ Environment Plan (Conservation, ✓ Annual Resource Summary Report Historic and Esthetic Elements) Building and Construction Ordinance ✓ Housing Element **Coastal Policies** ✓ Noise Element ✓ Framework for Planning (Coastal & Parks & Recreation Element Inland) Safety Element ✓ General Plan (Inland & Coastal), including all maps & elements; more pertinent ✓ Land Use Ordinance elements considered include:

^{* &}quot;No comment" or "No concerns"-type responses are usually not attached

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Real Property Division Ordinance	Other documents
Trails Plan	✓ Archaeological Resources Map
Solid Waste Management Plan	Area of Critical Concerns Map
Area Plan and Update EIR Circulation Study	✓ Areas of Special Biological Importance Map
On Culation Study	
	✓ Clean Air Plan
	Fire Hazard Severity Map
	✓ Flood Hazard Maps
	✓ Natural Resources Conservation
	Service Soil Survey for San Luis Obispo County
	✓ Regional Transportation Plan
	✓ Uniform Fire Code
	✓ Water Quality Control Plan (Central Coast Basin - Region 3)
	Other
	Other
In addition, the following project-specific info considered as a part of the Initial Study:	rmation and/or reference materials have been

San Joaquin kit fox habitat evaluation - Baxter Biological Consulting

3-33 Exhibit B - Mitigation Summary Table

Agricultural Resources

- AG 1 A 300 foot agriculture buffer from the Agriculture parcel to the east. The agriculture parcel and this subdivision are separated by San Juan Road which is 60 feet. This leaves a 240 foot agriculture buffer along the east side of proposed parcel one.
- AG -2 Disclosure to purchasers of both parcels the nature of the neighboring agriculture activities, hours of operation, and the

Biological Resources - San Joaquin Kit Fox

Future development on each parcel will be required to mitigate impacts to San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for the project Spencer Parcel Map, SUB 2003-00102 on September 24, 2002 by Baxter Biological. The evaluation form was reviewed by Bob Stafford of the California Department of Fish and Game. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Stafford's changes, resulted in a score of 71, which requires that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of three (3) acres conserved for each acre impacted 3 to 1. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the proposed project only; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.

- BR-1 **Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits**, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building Environmental Resource and Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following four San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:
 - a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement, suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-site or off-site, and provide for a non- wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", would be based on the total area of disturbance from project activities multiplied by \$2500 per acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

- d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted to the County prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- BR-2 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or conducting any grading associated with map recordation, the applicant shall provide evidence to the County that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:
- a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity (i.e. preconstruction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.
- b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, disking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site-disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.
 - c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time the den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, all work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Department determine that it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, **before project activities commence**, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below). The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:

1. Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feet

b) Known kit fox den: 100 feet

c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

- 2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.
- 3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

BR-3 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or approval of any

improvement plans related to map recordation, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: "Speeds signs of 25 mph maximum (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic, to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox." Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction.

In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, or any grading associated with map recordation, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.

- BR-4 **During the site disturbance and/or construction phase**, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.
- BR-5 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit, and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.
- BR-6 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be

3-36

thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.

- BR-7 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** any pipes, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.
- BR-8 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.
- BR-9 **Prior to, during, and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, state and federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.
- BR-10 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to the Department for care, analysis, or disposition.
- BR-11 **Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first,** should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:
 - a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
 - b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

Contact Information

California Department of Fish and Game
Central Coast Region

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ventura Field Office 3 - 37 2493 Porto

P.O. Box 47 Yountville, CA 94599 (805) 528-8670 (805) 772-4318 2493 Portola Road, Suite B Ventura, CA 93003 (805) 644-1766

County of San Luis Obispo
Department of Planning and Building
Division of Environmental and Resource Management
County Government Center, Room 310
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
ATTN: Ms. Julie Eliason
(805) 781-5029

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT FOR SPENCER SUBDIVISION SUB 2003-00102

The applicant agrees to incorporate the following measures into the project. These measures become a part of the project description and therefore become a part of the record of action upon which the environmental determination is based. All development activity must occur in strict compliance with the following mitigation measures. These measures shall be perpetual and run with the land. These measures are binding on all successors in interest of the subject property.

Note: The items contained in the boxes labeled "Monitoring" describe the County procedures to be used to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures.

Agriculture

The following mitigation measures address impacts that may occur as a result of the development of the project.

A 300 foot agriculture buffer from the Agriculture parcel to the east. The agriculture parcel and this subdivision are separated by San Juan Road which is 60 feet. This leaves a 240 foot agriculture buffer along the east side of proposed parcel one.

Disclosure to purchasers of both parcels the nature of the neighboring agriculture activities, hours of operation, and the Right to Farm Ordinance.

Prior to finalization of the map the Planning and Building Department will verify these items are on the final map and/or the additional map sheet.

San Joaquin Kit Fox

The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for project Spencer subdivision SUB 2003-00102, on April 29, 2003 by Baxter Biological Consulting on September 24, 2002, along with a review by Bob Stafford of the Department of fish and Game indicates your project will impact San Joaquin kit fox habitat in an amount to be determined at the time of application for future grading and or building permit(s). The project earned a score of 71 on the evaluation, which requires that all impacts be mitigated at a ratio of three (3) acres conserved for each acre impacted (3:1). Total compensatory mitigation required for the project will be determined based on three times the Number of acres impacted. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the proposed project only; should your project change, your mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of your mitigation measures would be required.

BR-1 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building, Environmental and Resource Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following four San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:

a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement of a number of acres to be determined by future construction permits of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects if this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC) pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-Based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", will be based on a \$2500.00 per disturbed acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification about your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase credits based on the amount of in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of an a amount to determined once grading and/or building permits are applied for of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

Monitoring: Required prior to issuance of a grading and/or construction permit. Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management.

- BR-2 **Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits**, the applicant shall provide evidence that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:
 - a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity

(i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.

- b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, disking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site- disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.
- c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin Kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time a den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below) for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service/Department determines it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, before project activities commence, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department. The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

- d. In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:
 - 1. Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feet

b) Known or active kit fox den: 100 feet

c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

- 2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.
- 3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

Monitoring: Required prior to issuance of a grading and/or construction permit. Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management.

BR-3 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: "Speed signs of 25 mph (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox". Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction,

In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.

- BR-4 **During the site disturbance and/or construction phase**, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.
- BR-5 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.
- BR-6 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase**, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.
- BR-7 During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar
 - structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.
- BR-8 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase,** all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.
- BR-9 Prior to, during and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, State and Federal regulations. This is necessary

to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.

- BR-10 **During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase**, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to Department for care, analysis, or disposition.
- BR-11 **Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first,** should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:
 - a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
 - b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

Monitoring (San Joaquin Kit Fox Measures BR-3 – BR-11): Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management in consultation with the California Department of Fish and Game. As applicable, each of these measures shall be included on construction plans.

Contact Information

California Department of Fish and Game Central Coast Region P.O. Box 47 Yountville, CA 94599 (805) 528-8670 (805) 772-4318 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ventura Field Office 2493 Portola Road, Suite B Ventura, CA 93003 (805) 644-1766

County of San Luis Obispo
Department of Planning and Building
Division of Environmental and Resource Management
County Government Center, Room 310
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
ATTN: Ms. Julie Eliason

The applicant understands that any changes made to the project description subsequent to this environmental determination must be reviewed by the Environmental Coordinator and may require a new environmental determination for the project. By signing this agreement, the owner(s) agrees to and accepts the incorporation of the above measures into the proposed project description.

Signature of Owner(s)

Date

Name (Print)



JERRY W. SPENCER 1220 Niblick Rd. Paso Robles, CA 93446-3414





To: Elizabeth Kavanaugh/Planning/COSLO@Wings cc:

Subject: Re: Spencer parcel map in Shandon SUB 2003-00102 ,CO 02-0330. I don't have advisory committee comments on this project.

Elizabeth:

The Shandon Advisory Committee received the referral and I brought it to their attention. However, they did not provide comments. I can ask them again during their April 6 meeting, but I don't think they will return comments. Some members have expressed concern that lots are being divided while the community plan update is being prepared, but the overall committee has not recommended that such lot splits be blocked.

Dana Lilley Housing & Economic Development San Luis Obispo County Planning & Building Department (805) 781-5715 Elizabeth Kavanaugh



Elizabeth Kavanaugh

04/01/2005 09:00 AM

To: Dana Lilley/Planning/COSLO@Wings

CC:

Subject: Spencer parcel map in Shandon SUB 2003-00102 ,CO 02-0330. I don't have advisory committee comments on this project.

Hi there,

I'm I writing the staff report for a two-lot subdivision just east of Shandon's URL (Toby and SanJuan) and I don't have any Shandon Advisory Committee comments. I am wondering:

- 1) Would they comment if it is outside of the URL or such a simple project?
- 2) If so, do you have record of this item going to the advisory meeting and the response?

The project came in 3/12/04 and was accepted 4/20/04 if that helps.

Thanks.

Elizabeth Kavanaugh Planner and Development Review County of San Luis Obispo 805-788-2010



DATE:

March 26, 2004

EK 3.45

TO:

North County Team

San Luis Obispo County Department of Planning and Building

FROM:

Andy Mutziger, APCD ASM

SUBJECT:

Spencer Rural Residential Lot Split (CO-02-0330/SUB2003-00102)

Thank you for including the APCD in the environmental review process. We have completed our review of the proposed split of a 10 acre rural residential lot into two 5 acre lots located outside of the Shandon Urban Reserve Line (URL) at 198 San Juan Road. We have the following comments on the proposal.

This project, like so many others, falls below our emissions significance thresholds and is, therefore, unlikely to trigger a finding of significant air quality impacts requiring mitigation. However, we are very concerned with the cumulative effects resulting from the ongoing fracturing of rural land and increasing residential development in areas far removed from commercial services and employment centers. Such development fosters continued dependency of private auto use as the only viable means of access to essential services and other destinations. This is inconsistent with the land use planning strategies recommended in the Clean Air Plan, which promote the concept of compact development by directing growth to areas within existing urban and village reserve lines. The CAP recommends that areas outside the Urban/Village Reserve Lines be retained as open space, agriculture and very low-density residential development.

The District understands that under the County's Land Use Ordinance parcels within the Residential Rural category can be subdivided to a minimum lot size of five acres. We also recognize that there are significant human-interest issues that are difficult to overcome, such as the desire of some applicants to settle estate matters through property splits. However, we believe it is important to emphasize to decision makers that subdivision and future development on these, and similar rural parcels throughout the county allows a pattern of development to continue that is ultimately unsustainable. Such development cumulatively contributes to existing stresses on air quality, circulation and other natural and physical resources and infrastructure that cannot be easily mitigated. We do not support this type of development.

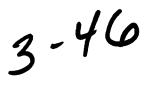
One possible solution to this dilemma is a workable Transfer Development Credit (TDC) Program, which would encourage more compact development in urban areas and away from environmentally sensitive land, land with agricultural capability or antiquated subdivisions. We do believe, however, it is important to carefully select receiver and sender sites so the ultimate goal of increasing densities in urban areas is achieved. As currently structured, the TDC Program does not assure that receiver sites are located within or bordering the URL, therefore, promoting further growth in areas outside the URL. The District recommends changes to the TDC Program to assure long-term sustainable development.

<u>FUTURE DEVELOPMENT:</u> Should this site be developed against our recommendations, the following air quality concerns are to be addressed:

Asbestos Demolition

The project referral did not indicate whether the structures on the site need to be demolished prior to future development. If structures should need to be demolished, then the following information is relevant. Demolition activities have potential negative air quality impacts, including issues surrounding proper

Spencer Rural Residential Lot Split March 26, 2004 Page 2 of 2



demolition and disposal of asbestos containing material (ACM). As you may be aware, this project is subject to the requirements stipulated in the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), which includes but is not limited to: 1) notification requirements to the District, 2) asbestos survey conducted by a Certified Asbestos Inspector, and, 3) applicable removal and disposal requirements of identified ACM. Please contact Tim Fuhs of the APCD Enforcement Division at 781-5912 for further information.

Developmental Burning

Effective February 25, 2000, the District prohibited developmental burning of vegetative material within San Luis Obispo County. Under certain circumstances where no technically feasible alternatives are available, limited developmental burning under restrictions may be allowed. This requires prior application, payment of fee based on the size of the project, District approval, and issuance of a burn permit by the District and the local fire department authority. The applicant is required to furnish the District with the study of technical feasibility (which includes costs and other constraints) at the time of application. If you have any questions regarding these requirements, contact Karen Brooks of our Enforcement Division at (805) 781-5912.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to comment on this proposal. If you have any questions or comments, or if you would like to receive an electronic version of this letter, feel free to contact me at 781-5912.

AJM/sll

cc:

Karen Brooks, APCD Enforcement Division Tim Fuhs, APCD Enforcement Division

H:\ois\plan\response\2852.doc



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

3-47

Department of Agriculture/Measurement Standards

2156 SIERRA WAY, SUITE A • SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA 93401-4556 ROBERT F. LILLEY (805) 781-5910 AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER FAX (805) 781-1035

RECE.

AMK 2 | 2004

RECE.

AMK 2 | 2004

DATE:

April 19, 2004

TO:

Elizabeth Kavanaugh, North County Team

FROM:

Lynda L. Auchinachie, Environmental Resource Specialist

SUBJECT: Spence

Spencer Parcel Map SUB2003-00102 (0854)

The Agriculture Department's review finds that the proposal to subdivide a ten acre parcel into two approximately five acre parcels would result in:

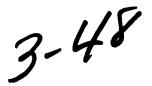
- Potential to create a significant environmental impact to agricultural resources and operations.
- Less than significant impact(s) to agricultural resources or operations with the incorporation of the following mitigation measures into the project.
- ☐ No Anticipated Impact to agricultural resources or operations.

Recommended Mitigation Measures

- 1. A buffer of 260 feet along the entire length of the east property boundary of proposed Parcel 1. The buffer is for habitable structures only.
- 2. Provide supplemental disclosure to purchasers of these properties concerning the nature of the neighboring agricultural activities, hours of operation, and the county's Right-to-Farm Ordinance.

The comments and recommendations in our report are based on policies in the San Luis Obispo County Agriculture and Open Space Element, the Land Use Ordinance, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and on current departmental policy to conserve agricultural resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare while mitigating negative impacts of development to agriculture.

Spencer Parcel Map April 19, 2004 Page 2



A. Project Description

The applicant has requested to subdivide an approximately ten acre parcel into two parcels of approximately five acres each for residential development. The project site is within the Residential Rural land use category, and is located on the west side of San Juan Road, at Toby Way, in the community of Shandon.

B. Site Description and Agricultural Setting

The project site is currently developed with two residences and assorted accessory facilities. The site consists of Class I (irrigated), Class IV (nonirrigated) soil.

Properties to the north, south, and west are within the Residential Rural land use category. The property to the east is within the Agriculture land use category and under Williamson contract. Historically, the property has supported field crop production. Soils in the general area of the project site are Class I and II (irrigated) and Class IV (non irrigated). These soils are well suited for wine grape cultivation.

C. Evaluation of Potential Impacts to Agricultural Resources

The Agriculture Department reviews proposals for specific activities on Agricultural lands in light of the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act.(CEQA). Impacts of concern include pressure exerted by a project or activity for (1) conversion of "prime farmland", (2) conversion of unique farmland, or (3), conversion of farmland of statewide importance to non-agricultural uses. CEQA also requires a project to be assessed for conflicts with existing agricultural uses, or Williamson Act contracts.

1. Impacts to On Site Agricultural Capability

The proposed subdivision would result in the development of additional residential uses on approximately five acres of prime soil if irrigated. However, the on site impact to agricultural resources is not considered significant because the site is not currently developed with any production agricultural uses and the property is currently zoned for rural residential development.

2. Impacts to Adjacent Agricultural Lands

One of the primary goals of the Agriculture and Open Space Element is to ensure the long-term sustainability of agricultural resources and operations. Part of the land use review process is to identify potential land use conflicts between proposed development and existing or realistic future agricultural uses.

The property to the east of the project site has historically been used for field crop production and the soils are well suited for vineyards. The development of residences could be incompatible with existing or future agricultural activities because of associated noise, dust, and pesticide use.

Spencer Parcel Map April 19, 2004 Page 3

3-49

D. Recommended Mitigation Measures

The Agriculture and Open Space Element, AGP17: Agricultural Buffers, promotes the protection of land in the Agricultural designation and/or land with agricultural production using buffers in accordance with the agricultural buffer policy.

The buffer range for field crops is 100 - 400 feet and 300 - 600 feet for vineyards. For this project we recommend the following:

- 1. A buffer of 300 feet from the area in which field crops or vineyards could be established on proposed Parcel 1. Because there is currently approximately 60 feet of right-of-way, the actual buffer on the proposed parcels would be 240 feet along the entire length of the east property boundary of proposed Parcel 1. The buffer is for habitable structures only. Currently, a request has been submitted to change the land use designation on the adjacent agricultural property to urban uses. If this change were to occur, the buffer would not be necessary.
- 2. Provide supplemental disclosure to purchasers of these properties concerning the nature of the neighboring agricultural activities, hours of operation, and the county's Right-to-Farm Ordinance.

If we can be of further assistance please call: 781 - 5914.

County of San Luis Obispo • Pullic Health Department

3.50

Environmental Health Services

2156 Sierra Way • P.O. Box 1489 San Luis Obispo, California 93406 (805) 781-5544 • FAX (805) 781-4211 Gregory Thomas, M.D., M.P.H. County Health Officer

> Curtis A. Batson, R.E.H.S. Director

Public Health Director

January 6, 2003

Daniel J. Stewart & Associates P.O. Box 2038 Paso Robles, Ca 93447

ATTN:

DAN STEWART

RE:

TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP CO 02-0330 (SPENCER)

Water Supply

This office is in receipt of onsite water information for the above noted project. Said information is considered satisfactory **preliminary** evidence of water. Prior to filing of a final map evidence of adequate potable water for each parcel shall be submitted to Environmental Health Services. This will require a copy of the well drillers log, a pump test, and a complete chemical analysis for each parcel.

Wastewater Disposal

Individual wastewater disposal systems, designed and constructed to meet County and State requirements, should adequately serve the parcels.

CO 02-0330 is approved for Health Agency subdivision map processing.

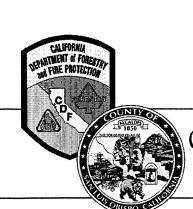
LAURIE A. SALO, R.E.H.S.

Senior Environmental Health Specialist

Lauris a. Sulo

Land Use Section

C: Kami Griffin, County Planning





CDF/San Luis Obispo County Fire Department

635 N. Santa Rosa • San Luis Obispo • California 93405

April 5, 2004

County of San Luis Obispo Department of Planning and Building County Government Center San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

Subject: Parcel Map Project # SUB 2003-00102/Spencer

Dear North County Team,

I have reviewed the referral for the parcel map plans for the proposed two parcel subdivision project located at 198 San Juan Rd., Shandon. This project is located approximately 5 minutes from the closest CDF/San Luis Obispo County Fire Station. The project is located in State Responsibility Area for wildland fires. It is designated a Moderate Fire Severity Zone. This project is required to comply with all fire safety rules and regulations including the California Fire Code, the Public Resources Code and any standards referenced therein.

The following conditions will apply to this project:

Access Road

An access road must be constructed to CDF/County Fire standards when it serves more than one parcel; access to any industrial or commercial occupancy, or vehicular access to a single parcel with more than two buildings or four or more dwelling units.

 The maximum length of a dead end road, including all dead-end roads accessed from that dead-end road, shall not exceed the following cumulative lengths, regardless of the number of parcels served:

0	Parcels less than 1 acres	800 feet
0	Parcels 1 acre to 4.99 acres	1320 feet
0	Parcels 5 acres to 19.99 acres	2640 feet
0	Parcels 20 acres or larger	5280 feet

- The road must be 18 feet in width and an all weather surface.
- If the road exceeds 12% it must have a non-skid paved surface.
- Roads may not exceed 16% without special mitigation and shall not exceed 20%.

• All roads must be able to support a 20 ton fire engine.

Road must be named and addressed including existing buildings.

• A turnaround must be provided if the road exceeds 150 feet.

• Vertical clearance of 13'6" is required.

Driveway

A driveway is permitted when it serves no more than two buildings, with no more than 3 dwelling units or a single parcel, and any number of accessory buildings.

3.52

• Driveway width for high and very high fire severity zones:

o 0-49 feet, 10 feet is required

o 50-199 feet, 12 feet is required

o Greater than 200 feet, 16 feet is required

• Turnarounds must be provided if driveway exceeds 300 feet.

Water Supply

The following applies:							
	_						

☐This project will	require a commui	nity water syster	m which meets	the minimum
requirements of the	Appendix III-A &	k III-B of the Ca	alifornia Fire C	ode.

oxtimes A water storage tank with a capacity determined by a factor of the cubic footage of the
structure will be required to serve each existing and proposed structure. A residential fire
connection must be located within 50 to 150 feet of the buildings.

Fuel Modification

- Vegetation must be cleared 10 feet on each side of the driveways and access road.
- Maintain around all structures a 30 foot firebreak. This does not include fire resistive landscaping.
- Remove any part of a tree that is within 10 feet of a chimney.
- Maintain any tree adjacent to or overhanging any building free of deadwood.
- Maintain the roof of any structure free of leaves, needles or other flammable material.

Addressing: Each residence shall be assigned a separate address.

If I can provide additional information or assistance, please call 543-4244.

Sincerely,

Gilbert R. Portillo Fire Inspector

cc: Mr. Jerry W. Spencer Sr., owner

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING

EK 3.53

VICTOR HOLANDA, AICP

OBISPO.		THIS IS A NEW PR	OJECT REFERRAL		
DATE:	March 13	5,2004 May 4,00			
TO: FROM:	(Please direct response	uty Jean onse to the above)	(CO 02- <u>SUB 200</u> Project Nan	0330) AM - 03-00102/5p. ne and Number	encer
	Development Revi	ew Section (Phone: 781	788-2009	_) ()
PROJECT D	DESCRIPTION:	ot split &	10m (10) acr	es to (Z)	5-acre Darcels
			March	29,2004	
Return this le		ents attached no later than		,	?
PART I	. 🎤	_	DEQUATE FOR YOU TO	J DO TOOK KEVIEW	•
	N	(Call me ASAP to we must accept the	discuss what else you nee e project as complete or re	equest additional inform	iation.)
PART II	ARE THERE SIC REVIEW?		S, PROBLEMS OR IMPA	ACTS IN YOUR AREA	OF
		(Please go on to F (Please describe i reduce the impact	Part III) mpacts, along with recom as to less-than-significant l	mended mitigation mea evels, and attach to this	sures to letter.)
PART III	1	to be incor	ION FOR FINAL ACTI porated into the proje "NO COMMENT," PLI	CL'S ADDLOVAI, OI SIAI	e reasons ro-
3/17	104	Man	sell		19
Date /		Name			
M:\PI-Forms\Pr	oject Referral - #216 Word.d COUNTY GOVERNME	oc nt Center • San Luis (Obispo • California 934	Revised 4/4/03 408 • (805) 781-5600)

FAX: (805) 781-1242

EMAIL: planning@co.slo.ca.us



AUNTY	San Luis Obispo County
NOT FOR CONSIDER ALONE	DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING
	3 DI VICTOR HOLANDA, AICP DIRECTOR
OBISPO.	THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL
DATE:	March 15,7004 04/05/04
900.	100 Payety Team (CO 02-0330) AM-
FŔOM:	(Please direct response to the above) Sub 2003 - 00107 Spencer Project Name and Number
	Development Review Section (Phone: 781-798-7009)
	Development Review Section (1 none. 40)
PROJECT I	ESCRIPTION: Lot split from (10) acres to (2) 5-acre parcels
Return this le	ter with your comments attached no later than: March 29, 2004
PART I	IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE FOR YOU TO DO YOUR REVIEW?
PARTI	YES (Please go on to Part II) NO (Call me ASAP to discuss what else you need. We have only 30 days in which we must accept the project as complete or request additional information.)
PART II	ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACTS IN YOUR AREA OF REVIEW?
	NO (Please go on to Part III) YES (Please describe impacts, along with recommended mitigation measures to reduce the impacts to less-than-significant levels, and attach to this letter.)
PART III	INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION. Please attach any conditions of approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project's approval, or state reasons for the project of
7.00	wie payment of Quimby and applicable wilding Division fels.
Ci	all payment of Alls.
	many Division you

04/05/07 Date

JAN Di Leo

M:\PI-Forms\Project Referral - #216 Word.doc

COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER

• San Luis Obispo •

California 93408 • (805) 781-5600

EMAIL: planning@co.slo.ca.us

FAX: (805) 781-1242

WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com

Revised 4/4/03



SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Hort ica ousebus acus	DEP	ARTMENT	OF PLA	MING A	VND RO	ILDING
OHISTO C		THIS IS A NE	W PROJECT R	EFERRAL	VICTOR HC	DLANDA, AICP DIRECTOR 7 2001
DATE:	March	15, 2004				
ROM	- flull	ic wour	<u> </u>	(co 02-0:	330) PM-	
FROM:	(Please direct re	esponse to the above)	<u> </u>	Suß 2003 Project Name a	- 00/07/3 nd Number	pencer_
	Development R	Review Section (Phone:	781- 788	-2009	(
PROJECT D	DESCRIPTION:	Lot split	from ((10) acres	s to CZ	parcels
Return this le	tter with your con	nments attached no late	er than:	March 2	9,200	4
PAR <u>T I</u>	IS THE ATTA	CHED INFORMATIC	N ADEQUATE	FOR YOU TO D	O YOUR REVI	EW?
,		YES (Please go or NO (Call me AS) we must acce	n to Part II) AP to discuss whept the project as	nat else you need. complete or requ	We have only 3 est additional in	0 days in which formation.)
PART II	ARE THERE REVIEW?	SIGNIFICANT CONC	CERNS, PROBL	EMS OR IMPAC	rs in Your Ai	REA OF
	?	NO (Please go of YES (Please described reduce the in	uit a imamonta olo	ng with recommentan-significant leve	nded mitigation tels, and attach to	measures to this letter.)
<u>PART III</u>	approval you recommendir	OUR RECOMMENT recommend to be ng denial. IF YOU HA	DATION FOR Incorporated in	FINAL ACTION to the project's IMENT," PLEAS	i. Please attach s approval, or SE INDICATE	any conditions of state reasons for OR CALL.
No TIT	LE REPORT.	STOCKS ATTACHE	D			
29 Apu. Date	1 2004	Mame Sandulu				252 .e
Date		Name				

29 Apr./ 2004 Date	Name	
		Revised 4/4/03

M:\PI-Forms\Project Referral - #216 Word.doc COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER

San Luis Obispo

California 93408 •

(805) 781-5600

FAX: (805) 781-1242 EMAIL: planning@co.slo.ca.us

WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com

EXHIBIT B 3.50

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR CO 02 - 0330 Spencer

App	roved Pi	<u>roject</u>
This	approva	l authorizes the division of a acre parcel into parcels of
		acres / square feet each.
Acce	ess and	<u>Improvements</u>
	Road	s and/or streets to be constructed to the following standards:
	a.	constructed to a
		section within a foot dedicated right-of-way.
	b.	widened to complete a
		section fronting the property.
	C.	constructed to a
		section from the property to
		(minimum paved width to be feet).
X	The a	applicant offer for dedication to the public by certificate on the map or by separate ment:
	a.	For future road improvement feet along
		to be described as feet from the recorded centerline.
	b.	For future road improvement feet along
		to be described as
((c.)	For road widening purposes
		to be described asfeet from the recorded centerline.
	d.	The foot road easement as shown on the tentative parcel map
		with a foot radius property line return at the intersection of
		·
((e.)	A foot radius property line return at the intersection
`		of Toby Way & Son Jimes Rd.

The _____ foot road easement terminating in a county cul-de-sac as shown on the tentative map.

f.

۵	The intersection of and and be designed in accordance with California Highway Design Manual.
	Access be denied to lots from and that this be by certificate and designation on the map.
□.	The future alignment of shall be shown on the map as reserved for future public right-of-way.
	A private easement be reserved on the map for access to lots
۵	A practical plan and profile for access to lots be submitted to the Department of Public Works and the Department of Planning and Building for approval.
۵	All grading shall be done in accordance with Appendix 33 of the Uniform Building Code. All lot lines shall be considered as Site Area Boundaries with slopes setback accordingly.
Impro	ovement Plans
	Improvement plans shall be prepared in accordance with San Luis Obispo County Improvement Standards and Specifications by a Registered Civil Engineer and submitted to the Department of Public Works and the county Health Department for approval. The plan is to include: a. Street plan and profile. b. Drainage ditches, culverts, and other structures (if drainage calculations require). c. Water plan (County Health). d. Sewer plan (County Health). e. Grading and erosion control plan for subdivision related improvement locations. f. Public utility plan, showing all existing utilities and installation of all utilities to serve every lot. g. Tree removal/retention plan for trees to be removed and retained associated with the required improvement for the land division to be approved jointly with the Department of Planning and Building. h. Trail plan, to be approved jointly with the Park Division. The applicant shall enter into an agreement with the county for the cost of checking the map, the improvement plans if any, and the cost of inspection of any such improvements by the county or its designated representative. The applicant shall also provide the county with an Engineer of Work Agreement retaining a Registered Civil Engineer to furnish construction phase services, Record Drawings and to certify the final product to the
	Department of Public Works. The Positional Civil Engineer upon completion of the improvements, must certify to the
	Department of Public Works that the improvements are made in accordance with accordance with a conditions of approval, including any related land use permit conditions and the approved improvement plans. All public improvements shall be completed prior to occupancy of any new structure.
	If environmental permits from the Army Corps of Engineers or the California Department of Fish and Game are required for any public improvements that are to be maintained by the County, the applicant or his engineer, prior to the approval of the plans by the Department of Public Works shall: a. Submit a copy of all such permits to the Department of Public Works OR b. Document that the regulatory agencies have determined that said permit is not

2 - 7/01

longer required.

Draina	3-58
	is not capable of carrying additional runoff. Construct off-site drainage facilities for an adequate outlet, or provide evidence of adequate drainage easements.
	The existing drainage swale(s) to be contained in drainage easement(s) dedicated on the map.
	Submit complete drainage calculations to the Department of Public Works for review and approval.
	If calculations so indicate, drainage must be retained/detained in a drainage basin on the property. The design of the basin to be approved by the Department of Public Works, in accordance with county standards.
	If a drainage basin is required, the drainage basin along with rights of ingress and egress
	 be: a. granted to the public in fee free of any encumbrance. b. offered for dedication to the public by certificate on the map with an additional easement reserved in favor of the owners and assigns.
	c. reserved as a drainage easement in favor of the owners and assigns.
٥	If a drainage basin is required, a zone of benefit be formed within
	If a drainage basin is required, this development be annexed to for maintenance of the drainage basin. Evidence of acceptance to be filed with the Department of Public Works.
	The project shall comply with the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Phase I and/or Phase II storm water program.
<u>Wast</u>	ewater Disposal
	Prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map, the applicant shall submit to and be jointly approved by the county Department of Planning and Building and Health Department, results of percolation tests and the log or logs of soil borings performed by a registered civil engineer. For this purpose, the applicant shall perform one or more soil borings to be a minimum depth of ten (10) feet in the area of the appropriate area of the proposed sewage disposal system to determine the: a) subsurface soil conditions, (example: impermeable strata which act as barriers to the effective percolation of sewage); b) presence of groundwater; c) separation between sewage disposal saturation areas and groundwater; d) borings shall be as deep as necessary below the proposed on-site disposal area to assure required separation. The applicant must perform a minimum of three (3) percolation test holes, to be spaced uniformly in the area of the proposed sewage disposal system. (Parcel(s), only).

A community septic system shall be installed with a centralized leaching area and shall have a 100% or greater additional expansion area. The area for the community septic tank system and disposal area shall be granted in fee on the map to the appropriate maintenance agency for maintenance with the right of ingress and egress / shall be kept as open space within easement for sewage treatment purposes granted to a homeowner's association. Impervious paving over a disposal area is not considered acceptable.

	2.59
	A long term community septic tank and disposal area maintenance plan be submitted to the the Department of Public Works and Health Department and the Regional Water Quality Control Board for review prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map.
	The community sewage system shall be designed by a Registered Civil Engineer and operated in accordance with county, state, federal and maintenance entity laws, standards and requirements. A waste discharge permit, if required, shall be issued by the Central Coast State Regional Water Quality Control Board prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map.
ם	This land division shall be annexed to prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map for water service/water and sewer service/sewer maintenance/community septic system maintenance/
Soils	s Report
	A final soils report by a Registered Civil Engineer be submitted for review prior to the final inspection of the improvements.
	Three (3) copies of a Preliminary Soils Report prepared by a Registered Civil Engineer in accordance with Sections 17953, 17954, 17955 of the California Health and Safety Code shall be submitted to the Public Works, Health and Planning and Building Departments prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map. The date and person who prepared the report are to be noted on the map.
<u>Utili</u>	
X	Electric and telephone lines shall be installed underground overhead.
	Cable T.V. conduits shall be installed in the street.
X	Gas lines shall be installed.
۵	A feet public utility easement on private property along, plus those additional easements
	required by the utility company, be shown on the final parcel or tract map.
<u>Des</u>	<u>sign</u>
a	The lots shall be numbered in sequence.
	The on lot be removed or brought into conformance with the <i>Land Use Ordinance / Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance</i> prior to filing the final parcel or tract map. A demolition permit may be required.
	The lot area of shall contain a minimum area of exclusive of area shown for rights of way and any easement that limits the surface use for building construction (Section 22/23.04.021).

The applicant shall apply to the Department of Planning and Building for approval of new street names prior to the filing of the final parcel or tract map. Approved street names shall be shown on the final parcel or tract map. Vector Control and Solid Waste A determination of method of pick-up shall be specified by the waste handler and if centralized facilities for the pick-up are required, provisions shall be made within the project for central facilities that meet Land Use Ordinance / Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance requirements for trash enclosures. If centralized facilities are established, this shall include provisions for recycling if service is available or subsequent installation of such facilities if recycling service becomes available in the future. **Fire Protection** gallons per minute as per nationally Provide minimum fire flow of _ recognized standard. Fire flows to be maintained for a minimum two-hour duration. The applicant shall obtain a fire safety clearance letter from the California Department of Forestry (CDF)/County Fire Department establishing fire safety requirements prior to filing the final parcel or tract map. Designate a fire lane within all the driveway areas. This lane to be minimum width of twenty (20) feet. (USE FOR MULTI-FAMILY/COMMERCIAL PROJECTS ONLY) Parks and Recreation (Quimby) Fees Unless exempted by Chapter 21.09 of the county Real Property Division Ordinance or California Government Code section 66477, prior to filing of the final parcel or tract map, the applicant shall pay the in-lieu" fee that will be used for community park and recreational purposes as required by Chapter 21.09. The fee shall be based on the total number of new parcels or remainder parcels shown on the map that do not already have legal residential units on them / or the number of dwelling units proposed in the case of a condominium, stock cooperative, or community apartment project. For subdivisions of less than five parcels that are not to be used for residential purposes, if a building permit is requested for construction of a residential structure or structures on one or more of the parcels created by this subdivision within four years of recordation of the map, the Quimby Ordinance fee specified in the county fee schedule shall be paid by the owner of each parcel as a condition for the issuance of such permit. Affordable Housing Fee

housing included within the residential project.

Prior to filing the final parcel or tract map, the applicant shall pay an affordable housing in-

lieu fee of 3.5 percent of the adopted public facility fee effective at the time of recording for each residential lot. This fee shall not be applicable to any official recognized affordable

<u>Easer</u>	ments State of the		
۵	The property owner shall grant an avigation easement to the county of San Luis Obispo. The avigation easement document shall be prepared, reviewed and approved by County Counsel prior to filing of the final parcel or tract map.		
□ .	An open space easement be recorded for the open space parcel(s). It is to be held in single ownership / in common by the Homeowner's Association / or transferred to a public trust or conservancy agency approved by the Department of Planning and Building. The open space parcel is to be maintained as such in perpetuity.		
Land	scape Plans		
٥	f a drainage basin is required, then submit detailed landscaping plans in compliance with Section 22/23.04.180 et seq. to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval prior to filing of the final parcel or tract map. Said plans to include location, species, size, and method of maintenance of all proposed plant materials. All proposed plant materials shall be of a drought tolerant variety and be sized to provide a mature appearance within three years of installation. Plan to include:		
	a. Drainage basin fencing. (ONLY USE IF THE DRAINAGE BASIN HAS A DEPTH OF 2 FEET OR GREATER AS MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE RIM TO THE LOWEST PORTION OF THE BASIN)		
	 b. Drainage basin perimeter landscape screening. (ONLY USE FOR FENCED BASINS) c. Landscaping for erosion control. 		
<u> </u>	All approved landscaping shall be installed or bonded for prior to filing of the final parcel or tract map and thereafter maintained in a viable condition on a continuing basis. If bonded for, landscaping shall be installed within days of completion of the improvements.		
Miti BE (gations PUT ANY MITIGATIONS FROM DEVELOPER STATEMENT HERE ONLY IF THEY CAN COMPLETED PRIOR TO THE RECORDATION OF THE MAP		
Ado	ditional Map Sheet		
	The applicant shall prepare an additional map sheet to be approved by the county Department of Planning and Building and the Department of Public Works. The additional map sheet shall be recorded with the final parcel or tract map. The additional map sheet shall include the following:		
	a. That the owner(s) of lot(s) is responsible for on-going maintenance of drainage basin fencing in perpetuity.		
	b. That the owner(s) of lot(s) is responsible for on going maintenance of <i>drainage basin / adjacent</i> landscaping in a viable condition on a		
	continuing basis into perpetuity. c. That secondary dwellings shall not be allowed on all lots within the land division		

/ on lots _____

Designated building sites (and access urives) shall be shown on the additional map d. sheet reflecting the approved tentative map. At the time of application for construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate the approved building site and access drive on the project plans. Notification to prospective buyers of the county's Right to Farm Ordinance currently e. in effect at any time said deed(s) are recorded. Notification of the consequences of existing and potential intensive agricultural f. operations on adjacent parcels including but not limited to noise, dust, odor and agricultural chemicals. An agricultural buffer prohibiting residential structures, consisting of g. __, shall be shown on the additional feet over lots map sheet. This buffer shall become null and void on individual parcels within this subdivision, if the adjacent Agriculture land use category is changed or if any existing commercial agricultural business on adjacent parcels effecting this subdivision crease operation for a minimum of one year. At the time of application for construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate the agricultural buffer on the project plans. The limits of inundation from a 100 year storm over lots h. creek / river shall be shown on the additional map and note the required building restriction in the on the sheet. If improvements are bonded for, all public improvements (roads, drainage, and i. utilities) shall be completed prior to occupancy of any new structure. A notice that no construction permits will be given a final inspection until the fire j. safety conditions established in the letter dated California Department of Forestry (CDF)/County Fire Department are completed. Prior to occupancy or final inspection, which ever occurs first, the applicant shall obtain final inspection approval of all required fire/life safety measures. Note to potential buyers and future owners of the property that the project is in an k. area from which combustion and petroleum-type odor complaints are frequently received by the Air Pollution Control District. The District Hearing Board has issued a nuisance abatement order which should improve the air quality in the Nipomo area; however, clean up is a lengthy process, therefore buyers of new lots should be advised that these conditions exist. (ONLY USE IF WITHIN SOUTH COUNTY PLANNING AREA OR NEAR THE PLANT IN THE SAN LUIS BAY PLANNING AREA) In the event archaeological resources are unearthed or discovered during any l. construction activities, the following standards apply: Construction activities shall cease, and the Environmental Coordinator and A. Planning Department shall be notified so that the extent and location of discovered materials may be recorded by a qualified archaeologist, and disposition of artifacts may be accomplished in accordance with state and federal law. In the event archaeological resources are found to include human remains, В. or in any other case where human remains are discovered during construction, the County Coroner is to be notified in addition to the Planning Department and Environmental Coordinator so that proper disposition may be accomplished. PUT ANY MITIGATIONS FROM DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT HERE ONLY IF THEY GO m. BEYOND RECORDATION OF THE MAP

Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions

3-63

The developer shall submit proposed covenants, conditions, and restrictions for the subdivision to the county Department of Planning and Building for review and approval. The CC&R's shall provide at a minimum the following provisions:

CHOOSE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS

- a. On-going maintenance of drainage basin fencing in perpetuity.
- b. On-going maintenance of *drainage basin / adjacent* landscaping in a viable condition on a continuing basis into perpetuity.
- b. Maintenance of drainage basin landscaping.
- c. Maintenance of common areas.
- d. Secondary dwellings shall not be allowed.
- e. Designated building sites (and access drives) shall be shown on an exhibit attached to the CC&R's reflecting the approved tentative map.
- f. Notification to prospective buyers of the county's Right to Farm Ordinance currently in effect at any time said deed(s) are recorded.
- g. Notification of the consequences of existing and potential intensive agricultural operations on adjacent parcels including but not limited to noise, dust, odor and agricultural chemicals.
- i. Maintenance of all local streets within the subdivision until acceptance by a public agency.
- j. The limits of inundation from a 100 year storm over lots ______ creek / river shall be shown on an exhibit attached to the CC&R's and note the required building restriction in the in the CC&R's.
- k. Note to potential buyers and future owners of the property that the project is in an area from which combustion and petroleum-type odor complaints are frequently received by the Air Pollution Control District. The District Hearing Board has issued a nuisance abatement order which should improve the air quality in the Nipomo area; however, clean up is a lengthy process, therefore buyers of new lots should be advised that these conditions exist. (ONLY USE IF WITHIN SOUTH COUNTY PLANNING AREA OR NEAR THE PLANT IN THE SAN LUIS BAY PLANNING AREA)

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Low Cost Housing (USE IN COASTAL ZONE ONLY)

Provide _____ residential units for low and moderate income families as defined by Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code as part of the proposed project or elsewhere in the community. The agreement with the county for the development will include acknowledgment that it is feasible to provide a level of affordable housing in conjunction with this project. If qualified buyers have not purchased any of the ____ units within six months of the units being available for sale, and evidence can be provided that shows a reasonable advertising campaign was used to attract qualified buyers, the applicant may be relieved from the requirements to sell the units to qualified buyers.

<u>Miscellaneous</u>

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This subdivision is also subject to the standard conditions of approval for all subdivisions using *community water and sewer / community water and septic tanks / individual wells and septic tanks*, a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein as though set forth in full.

- A stormwater pollution plan may be necessary from the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Provide evidence that it has been obtained or is unnecessary prior to filing the map.
- Applicant shall file with the Department of Public Works an application requesting apportionment of any unpaid assessments under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915, in compliance with Section 8740.1 of the Streets and Highways Code of the State of California. Said apportionment must be completed prior to filing the map.
- Prior to the sale of the designated remainder or omitted parcel, if applicable, the applicant shall obtain approval of a certificate of compliance or conditional certificate of compliance from the county.
- All timeframes on approved tentative maps for filing of final parcel or tract maps are measured from the date the Review Authority approves the tentative map, not from any date of possible reconsideration action.